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His first book *Matchstick Models & Other Science Experiments* was translated into 12 Indian languages and sold over half a million copies. He has received several honours, including the inaugural *National Award for Science Popularization amongst Children* (1988), *Distinguished Alumnus Award of IIT, Kanpur* (2000), *Indira Gandhi Award for Science Popularization* (2008) and the *Third World Academy of Science Award* (2010) for making science interesting for children.

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Contents

1.	Ball Bounce	1
2.	Twist Thread Spin CD	2
3.	Get Going Mug	3
4.	Power of Spin	4
5.	Winding Motion	5
6.	Mini Straw Pump	
7.	Float and Spin	7
8.	Auto Siphon	
9.	Balloon Bottle Fountain	
10.	Tornado Well	10
11.	Hand Up	11
12.	Telescopic Jack	12
13.	Balloon Fish	13
14.	Bottle Base Spinner	14
15.	Heart Fan	15
16.	Bottle Spinner	16
17.	Spinning Spaceship	17
18.	Transparency Bubble	18
19.	Tree of Life	19
20.	Spinning Spiral	20
21.	Super Spinning Bottle	21
22.	Rotate Propeller, Spin Doll	22
23.	Wire Flowers	23
24.	Nine Dancing Cubes	24
25.	Pull & Open Flower	25

26.	Flying Flame	26
27.	Convection in Glass	27
28.	Expansion of Air	
29.	Banyan Buddy	
30.	Ball in Air	
31.	Press and Spin	
32.	Vacuum Suction	
33.	Sunlight Your Home	
34.	Surface Size	35
35.	Broomstick Models	
36.	Matchstick Maths	
37.	Climbing Man	
38.	Hell and Heaven	
39.	Knotty Crab	40
40.	How Many Things in a Mat	chbox?41
41.	Monkey Acrobat	42
42.	Colour Change	43
43.	Magnetic Rotation	44
44.	Magnetic Glass Spinner	45
45.	Eddy Current Spinner	46
46.	Levitating Propeller	48
47.	Conservation of Weight & V	Volume49
48.	Musical Glass	50
49.	Musical Cap	51
50.	Bicycle Gyro	52
51.	CD Protractor	53

























































































Make different shapes - Pyramids, Cubes, Prisms etc. The rubber bands decay after a while. For permanent joints tie all the junctions with thread. This is a very low-cost way of making 3-D models.













In 1980, the Vikram Sarabhai Community Science Center, Ahmedabad, India organized a competition for children - How many different things, one of each can you pack in a matchbox? One child packed more than 250 things in one single matchbox! The word Nano had not be invented then. Today's children will easily surpass that record. This is a still a great science activity for school children.







Hold the two loops of thread as shown. The matchbox will be in the middle. Ask a friend to move the matchbox from left to right. Magically, the colours of the threads will interchange. White will become black and black will become white.











Fix three sharp bamboo sticks (skewers) on three bottle caps. Stick the caps on a wooden block. Perch the bottle with the magnets on the middle stick and the aluminium cans on the two end sticks. The tip of the sticks must perch on the press buttons. Then place the model under a ceiling fan.

Spinning magnets produce Eddy currents in the aluminum cans. These current produces a magnetic force which interacts with the strong neodymium magnets making the aluminum cans spin.

8 The breeze from the ceiling fan will spin the propeller and the bottle. The strong neodymium magnets will also spin. These spinning ſ 0 magnets will create eddy currents in the aluminium \bigcirc cans and they will start spinning too! 47





Each shape was made from a similar ball. So how can they have different weights?













Science is not hardware - burettes, pipettes and test tubes. Instead, science is way of critically looking at the world around us. Children can do amazing science experiments using simple stuff available at home - old plastic bottles, paper cups, straws, leaves etc. This simple handbooks documents over 50 science experiments which children can do using ordinary stuff and tools easily available at home.